

# MLSysOps: Scalable, Energy-Efficient AI for Urban Infrastructure

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Ubiwhere

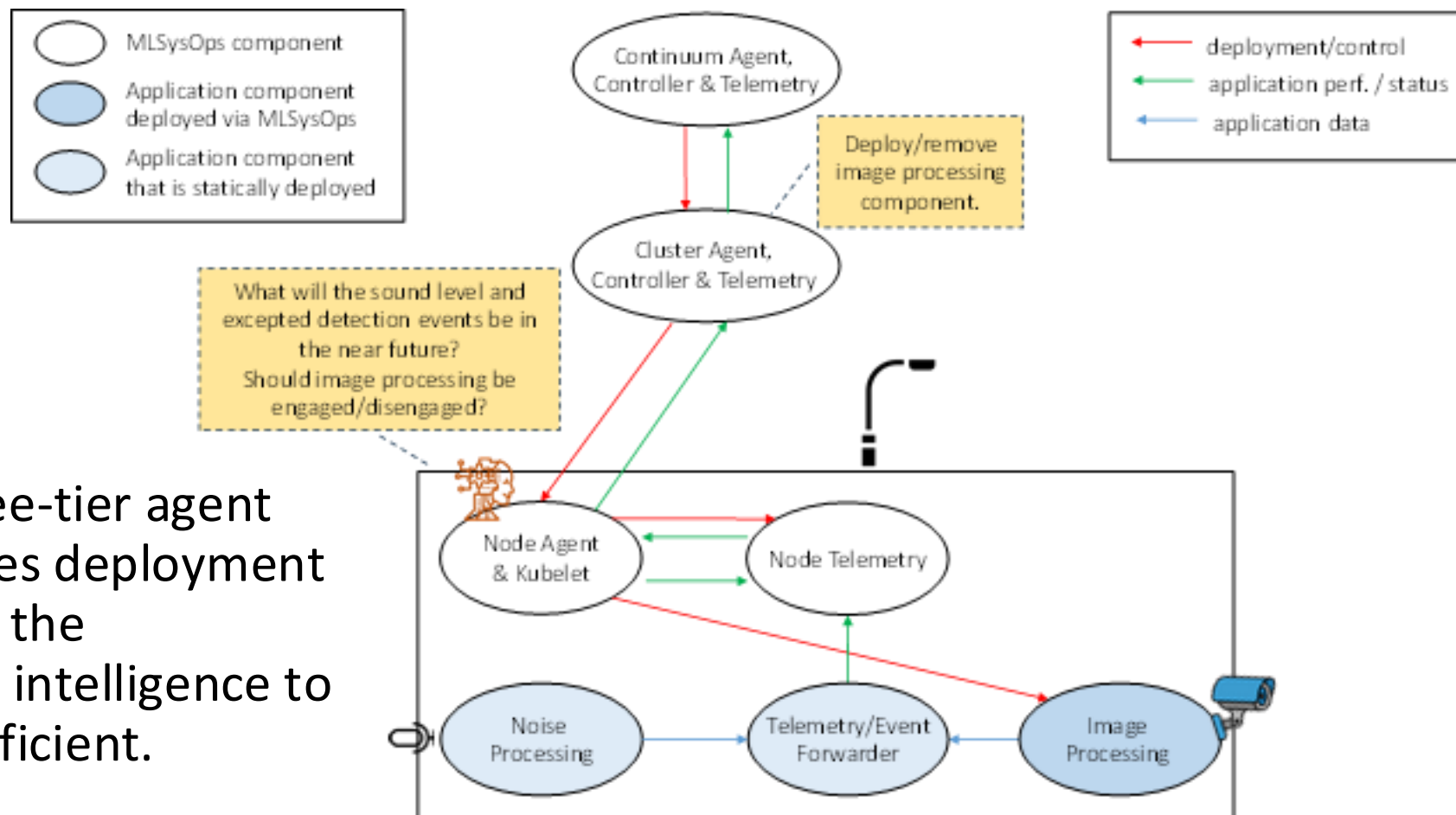
# The "Idle Power" Crisis in Smart Cities

High-performance Computer Vision (CV) systems are essential for urban safety monitoring, but they consume unsustainable energy when deployed in "Always-On" configurations at the edge.

The challenge for infrastructure operators is clear: how do we maintain comprehensive monitoring coverage whilst dramatically reducing the energy footprint of edge systems?



# The Three-Tier Agent Hierarchy Solution

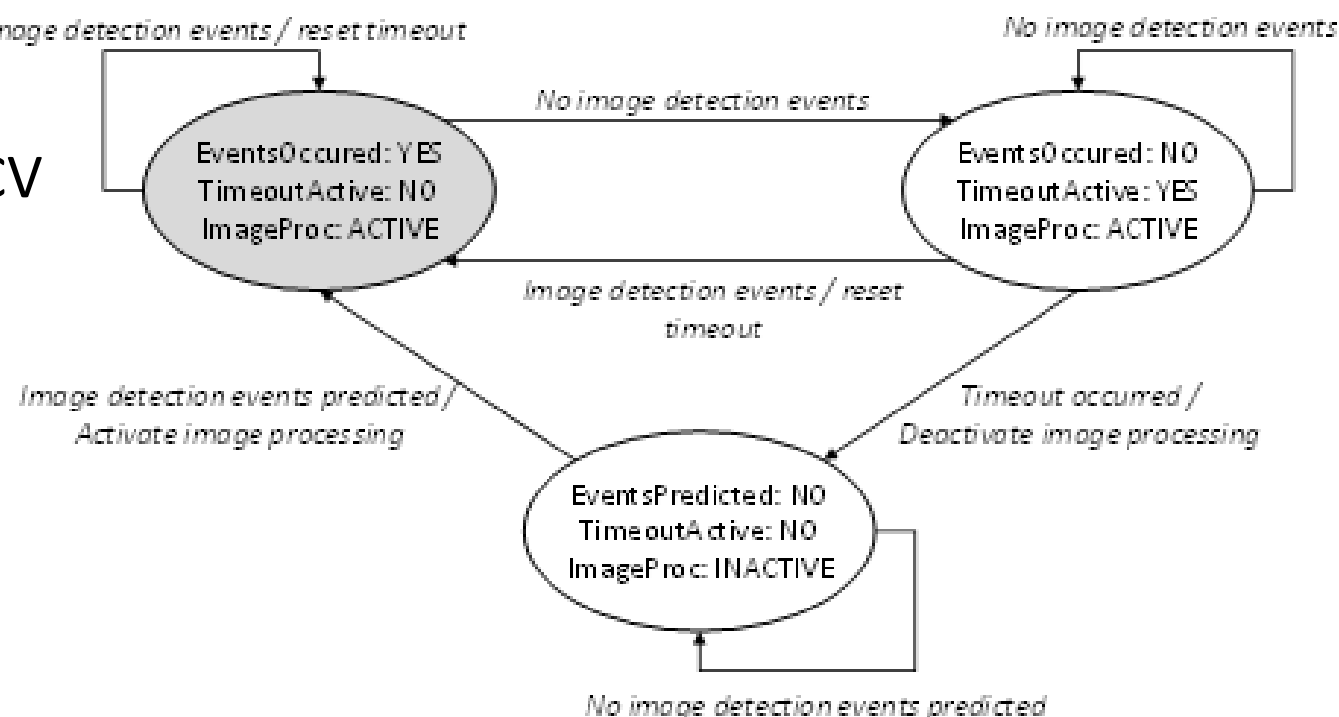


MLSysOps deploys a three-tier agent hierarchy that coordinates deployment and configuration across the infrastructure—enabling intelligence to reside where it's most efficient.

# Context

## Intelligent Activation Mechanism

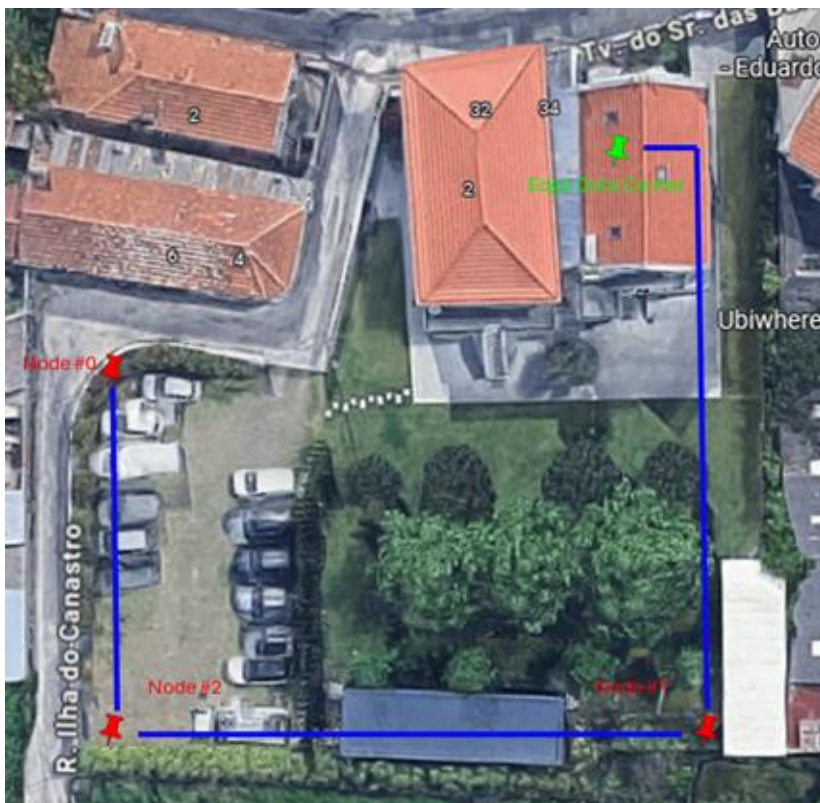
The system uses acoustic sensors as first-line detectors, triggering image processing only when necessary - dramatically reducing unnecessary CV activation.





# Testbeds

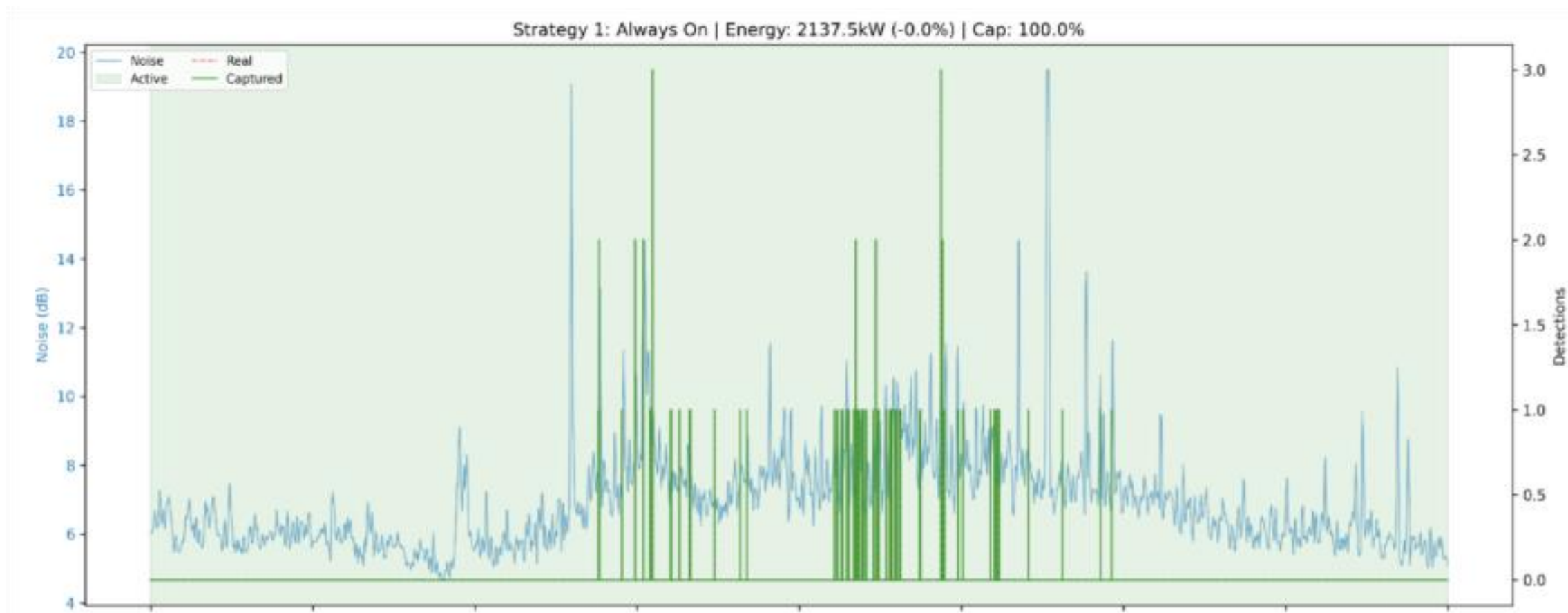
Cluster 1 – private testbed



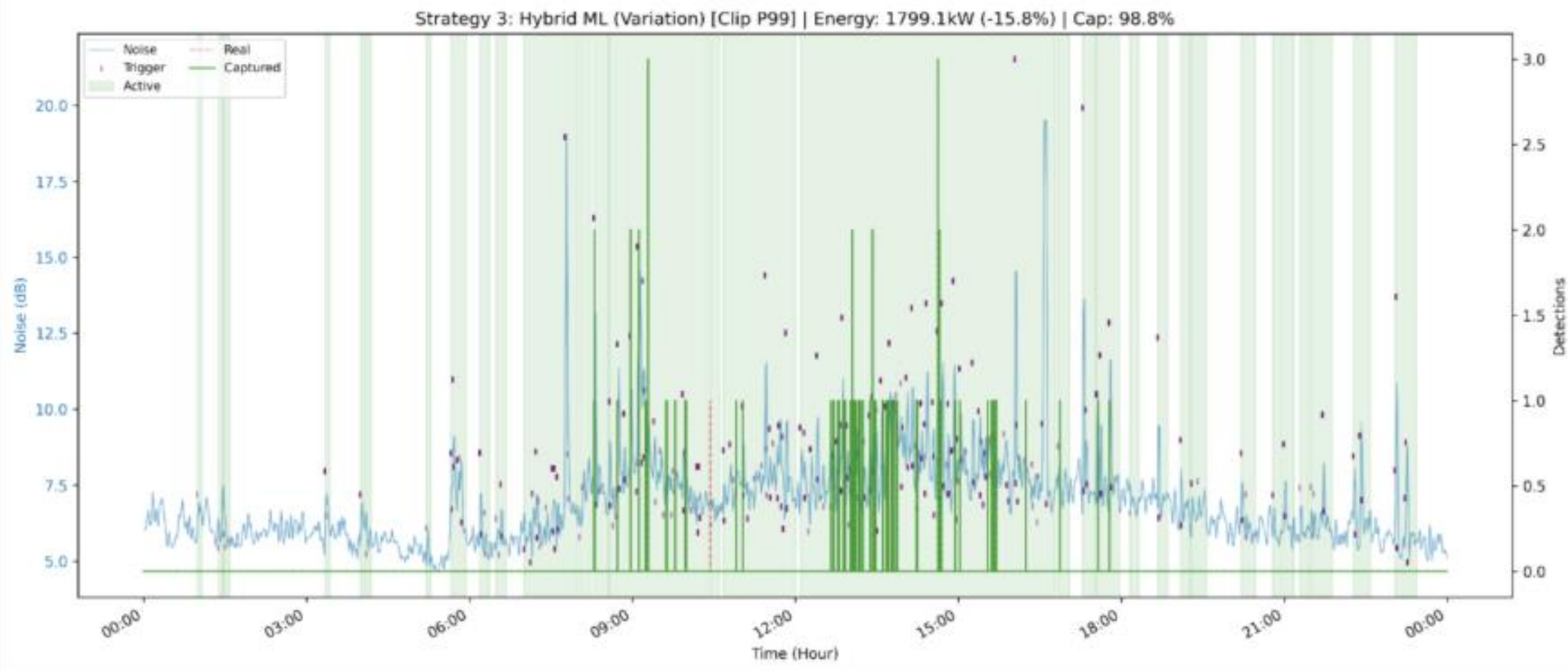
Cluster 2 – public testbed



# Results: Baseline Performance , private testbed

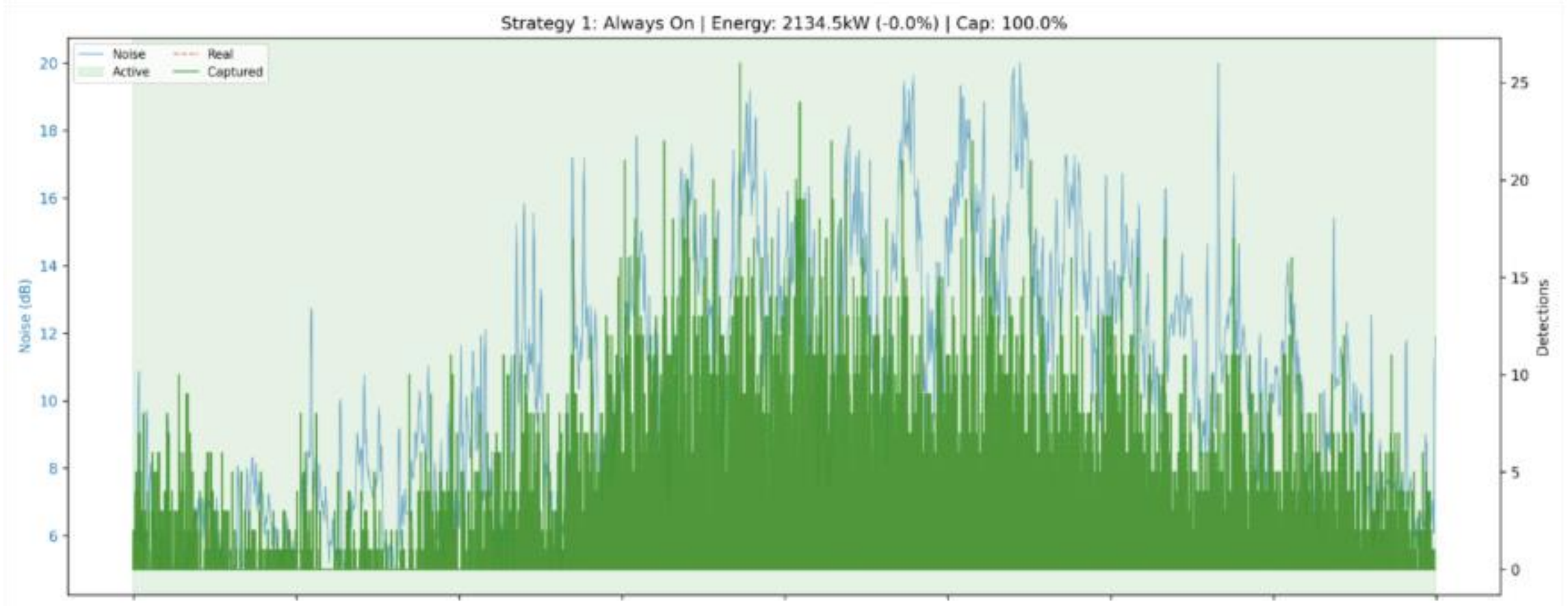


# Results: ML-Based Performance , private testbed



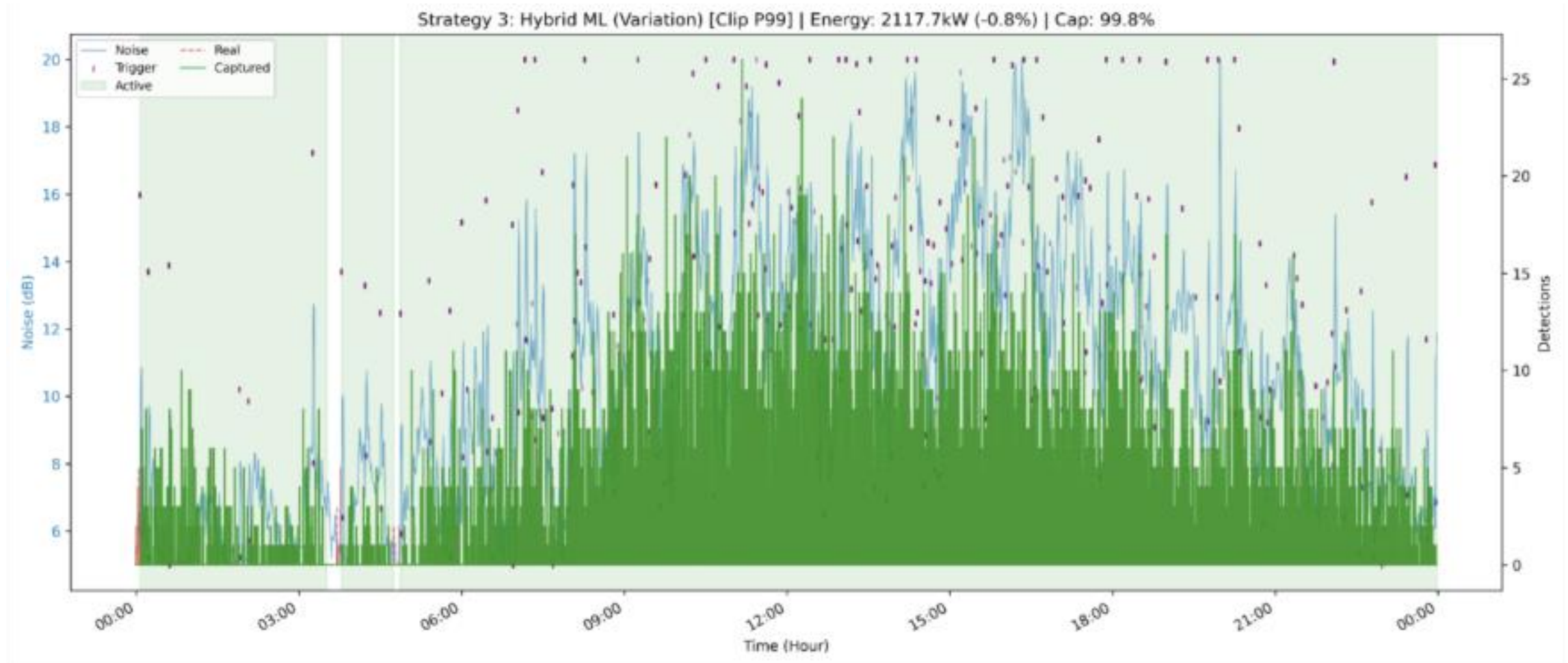


# Results: Baseline Performance , public testbed





# Results: ML-Based Performance, public testbed



# Summary

- MLSysOps validated end-to-end in Smart city application.
- ML-based CV engagement led to savings on the private testbed of up to 40% on , with average savings of around 20%.
- Results on public testbed led to less energy savings due to usage profile, but ML engagement ensured high capture rates.